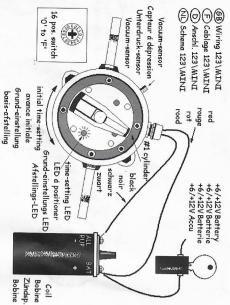
Mounting instructions for the '123ignition'

ype : 123\MINI-R-V & 123\MINI-R-V-A+ or : all MINI-engines, negative earth only !



MPORTANT

Please read the entire instructions before you begin installation. If after reading you are unsure of the procedure to be followed, please ask someone knowledgeable in engine tuning. Remember to work safely.

STEP 1: Find the static timing point

On the old distributor, note the position of the ignition wire to the number one cylinder. Number one is beside the radiator and the firing order is 1-3-4-2. Remove the distributor cap and turn the engine in its normal direction so that the rotor almost points to the number one cylinder position, ie the 2 o'clock position.

Now carefully turn the engine further until the Top Dead Center (TDC) is indicated on the timing mark on the flywheel. The engine is now at the static timing point, at the end of the compression stroke for the number one cylinder.

STEP 2: Out with the old, in with the new

You should verify that the correct advance curve has been selected in your '123': using a 5mm Allen wrench remove the hexagonal plug in the bottom face of the housing. Inside the hole you'll find a 16 position rotary switch. (marked '0' to 'F') Check the technical data below for the proper setting. Select the curve of your choice, then removed the plug and tighten securely.

Now remove the spark plug wires and coil wire from the old distributor-cap and remove the old cap. Disconnect the points wire from the coil. Loosen the clamp at the base of the distributor and pull the old unit out.

Now remove the distributor-cap from the '123' and carefully insert it in the block, turning the rotor until the drive dog mates and the unit slips into place. Rotate the

If necessary, the drive dog can be repositioned on the shaft to accommodate a different rotational position. To do this, remove the '123' and carefully remove the retaining spring from the drive dog, then use a small punch to tap out the pin and re-assemble at an angle more suitable to your needs.

towards number three cylinder.

housing of the '123' so that the cables come out conveniently, usually with the vacuum port pointing

STEP 3: Static timing the '123'

Connect the red wire to the BAT (positive) terminal of the ignition coil, according to the schematic. For now, do NOT connect the black wire. Turn on the ignition. Slowly turn the

LED just lights up. housing of the '123' in a clockwise direction until the greer

The LED shines through one of the four holes in the aluminum disc below the rotor. While turning, also press the rotor in a clockwise direction, to remove any free play in the

Finally, tighten the '123' securely, as it is also the electrical ground of the '123'. Turn off the ignition.

STEP 4: Finish the wiring

Connect the black wire to the negative terminal of the ignition coil, according to the schematic.

Connect the spark plug leads in the proper sequence to the cap, starting with the wire for the number one cylinder at the position pointed to by the rotor of the '123', usually the 2 o'clock position. The firing order is 1-3-4-2 and rotation is counter clockwise.

Also connect the high voltage wire from the coil to the center position of the cap. Attach the cap to the distributor. Route the red and black wire well away from the high carburetor to the vacuum port on the '123' or other suitable means. Connect the vacuum-tube from the voltage leads and away from moving parts, using tie-wraps

STEP 5: Start and test drive

using a stroboscope should be performed. (check the a test drive. To achieve ultimate accuracy a fine adjustment accurately, your ignition should be adjusted well enough for Enjoy your 123ignition! Disconnect the vacuum-tube whilst fine-tuning dynamic timing data in 'technical data' You can now start your engine. If you have worked

- running. This is bad practice when using high-tech electronic systems, such as the 123ignition. Do NOT disconnect ANY electric wire, when the engine is
- Sparks are much stronger with a 123ignition: use good quality sparkplug leads, and a good quality coil. The primary resistance should not be lower then 1 ohm! Mini engines do not need such coils to operate properly.
- Resistor-core silicone ignition-leads are the better choice! Do not use solid core wire, these send out quite a lot of electromagnetic noise that interfere with electronic
- Mistrust old coils: they all look alike, but you can't see if they have been overheated many times! Buy a new one, now you know that this will not be overheated anymore...
- Fresh spark plugs to go with the new coil and wires will ensure optimum ignition performance
- Replace the cap and rotor every 30.000 km. Here is ordering information:

Bosch cap ref. nrs.

Bosch rotor ref. nr. : 1.235.522.050 / 1.235.522.058 1.235.522.059 / 1.235.522.145 : 1.234.332.024

In the table presented below, you can see that the 16 curves are divided in four groups of four curves. Each group has a different maximum advance (28, 30, 32 & 34 degrees), and the 4 curves within each group have different rates of advance up to 2000 rpm.

Assume you want to tune your engine, and you know the maximum total advance for this engine is 30 degrees. The first curve you should choose is curve '4', and if that works well, step to curve '5' for improved throttle response.

If curve '5' is an improvement, you may try curve '6', but listen carefully for evidence of knock under heavy load. If curve 6 is an improvement, select curve 7 and again listen carefully for evidence of knock under heavy load. If knock is detected, step back to the last curve. Engines run under sustained knock conditions can be severely damaged! If you have any doubt about tuning, please seek advice from a knowledgeable engine tuner.

Curve Advance Advance (switch setting) 500-1000 rpm* @ 2000 rpm*

maximum @ 5000 rpm*

If you have any doubt about tuning, please seek advice from a knowledgeable engine tuner.	ubt abou	t tuning, pleas tuner.	e seek advice	
TECHNICAL DATA				
Operating voltage RPM range	4,0 to 15 TDC unti	4,0 to 15,0 Volts, negative earth only TDC until 500 rpm, 500 -5000 rpm as	ve earth only -5000 rpm as	
Temperature	defined I -30 to 85	defined below, fixed until 7000 rpm -30 to 85 degrees Celsius	til 7000 rpm s	
Coil	stock co	stock coil or "High Energy"-coil, primary resistance not below 1 ohm.	Energy"-coil, elow 1 ohm.	
engines	all MINI selectabl bottom c	all MINI engines; advance-curves selectable by a switch through the bottom of the housing	dvance-curves through the	
Curve Advance (switch setting) 500-1000 rpm*	Advance)-1000 rpm*	Advance @ 2000 rpm*	maximum @ 5000 rpm*	

	* a	pm as	only	ock is inder dvice
40767 40768 407768 40819 40819 40893 40893 40893 40955 40955 40956 40979 41007 41007 41007 41007 41007 41003	Wiring LUCAS 123/W Service curv	dwell current-timeout	* degrees advand vacuum-advance gearshift retard	™
$\bigcap \Pi \cup \bigcap \Pi \cap \bigcap A \cup \Pi \subseteq \Pi \cup \Pi \cap \bigcap A \cup \bigcap A \cup A \cup$	123/Mini curve number	imeout	s advance advance retard	
848 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 850 Mini Sooper Suk III, 1275 cc 997 Mini Cooper Suk III, 1275 cc 997 Mini Cooper Suk III, 1275 cc 997 Mini Cooper LC Minor, Van and Pickup, 1098 mini Low C Mini early including Wolseley Homet an 850 mini Late Model High Compression 998 Mini Cooper LC and special order for Works special for Rally Mini's Works Special for Rally Mini's 484 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 848 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 948 Mini Cooper LC 1971-75 Morris Ma Mini Cooper Mc LI 1975 cc	crankshaft red = +6 or +12 Volt black = '-' of the coil Application and/or Engine Number	vacuum is above 17 inch Hg microprocessor controlled, current after +/- 1 second. If the eng the current is switched overheating of the coll coffware controlled between	and engine spo 0 to 14 degree vacuum-advan	10,0 10,0 10,0
848 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 850 Mini S50 Mini Mini Cooper HC 997 Mini Cooper S Mk III, 1275 cc 998 Mini Cooper High Compression 988 Mini Late Model High Compression 988 Mini Cooper High Compression 988 Mini Cooper High Compression 988 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 848 Mini UK Vehicles Regular Fuel 848 Mini UK Vehicles Permium Fuel Mini Cooper S Mk III, 1275 c 988 Mini Cooper HC, 1971-75 Morris Marina 1.8 TC Mini Cooper HC, 1971-75 Morris Marina 1.8 TC Mini Cooper S Mk III, 1275 c 998 Mini Early Model High Compression	+12 Volt he coil	processor controlled, disprocessor controlled, disprocessor controlled, disprocessor controlled, disprocessor controlled, disprocessor controlled by the college of the col	ed both relate s crankshaft fro	17,0 20,4 22,1 23,9
npression Riley Elf Dw grade fuel	crankshaft red = +6 or +12 Volt black = '-' of the coil Application and/or Engine Number	vacuum is above 17 inch Hg microprocessor controlled, depending on coil current after +/- 1 second. If the engine is not running, the current is switched off to prevent overheating of the coil	* degrees advance and engine speed both relate to the crankshaft vacuum-advance 0 to 14 degrees crankshaft from 5 to 10 inch Hg gearshift retard vacuum-advance drops to 0 degrees, when	34 34 34

₩ > 9 8

10,0

16,2 18,1 20,3 22,9

32 32 32

4007

10,0

16,3 17,6 19,4 21,1

30 30

w N - 0

10,0 10,0 10,0

14,5 16,7 18,4 20,2

28 28 28 28

41057 B 998 mini Late Model Hig 41134 A 850 and 998 Mini Au 41134 B Hornet, 1100 automatic 41212 B Mini 1000 and Mini Club	998 mini Late Model High Compression 850 and 998 Mini Automatic including Riley Eff and Wolseley Hornet, 1100 automatic
₩ *	98 Mini Automatic including Riley Elf and Wolse 30 automatic 30 Allona and Variante 998 cc.
В	ond Mini Chihman Saloon and variante 998 Co
	and with Clabillan, saloon and variants, 220 cy
2	1275 non S Mini, Austin 1300 HC and automatic, Riley Kestrel 1000
41242 A 850 and 998 N	850 and 998 Mini automatic, Vandel Plas Princess 1300 and Wolseley
1 1	arb
41246 B Mini 1000 and	Mini 1000 and Mini Clubman, Saloon and variants, 998 cc, 1972-74
Mini Clubman 1100, 1	Mini Chaman 1100, 1098 cc, Allegro 1100
0	Mini Moke, van and pickup, later models
D	850 and 998 Mini Automatic including Wolseley Hornet and Riley Elf
5	998 Mini 72 to 74 including Wolseley Hornet and Riley Elf
·D	ooper, late
4125/ 2 12/3 non 3 W 41404 0 998 Mini (Can	1275 non 5 Mini, Austin 1300 HC and automatic late 998 Mini (Canada) 1975-80, 1974 onward Leyland (SA) 1.3 van, 1974-
77 Morris Mai	77 Morris Marina 1.3, 1975-78 Morris 1.3 HC
	1976-78 Morris Marina 1.8 GT and HL
В	Mini 850 Saloon and variants, 848 cc
· G	Mini automatic and Clubman, 1975 Authi Mini 1000
Austin 1000 F	Austin 1000 Mini automatic, 1976-80 Austin 850 van and pickup,
41418 8 Mini 1000 and	Mini 1000 and Mini Clubman, Saloon and variants, 998 cc, manual
	Nlegro 1.1
41419 0 1970-80 1275	
Austin 1300 P	Austin 1300 HC Automatic, 1990-74 Austin 1300 France, 1969-73
41532 C 998 Mini (Canada)	Adstill 1300 Philicess II Goding accomance
Ŧ.	Mini 850 Saloon and variants, 848 cc
, , ,	bickup
41858 B Minis With engine	engine number 12HC18AA, 12HC19(AA), 12HD20(AA) HE42. 1984 onward Austin Metro 1.3 van. 1981 onward
Morris 440, 57	Morris 440, 575 Van and Pickup 1.3
4	x, 1988- or
41938 D Winis With e	Minis With engine number 12HC09AA, 12HC10AA, 12HD14(AA)
42535 2 Minis with en	2BGC
42626 4 Minis with engine	Minis with engine number 12HD09, 12HD10, 12HD11, 12HD12, 12HD13, 12HD1
42627 4 Minis with er	Minis with engine number 12HD17, 12HD24, 1986 onward 1.3
-	
42628 / Wints With en	Minis with engine number 12HDz6(AA) 1884 onward ivid Metro
42630 A Minis with en	Minis with engine number 12HC17AA, 12HD18
42635 4 Minis with engine number 12HD25	

^{*} These engines require more maximum advance than the 123/Mini can provide, but curve F should allow the engine to operate well.

